SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier	**Nolvasan Surgical Scrub**
Other means of identification	None.
Recommended use	Veterinary product (antimicrobial)
Recommended restrictions	Not for human use

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company Name (US)	Zoetis Inc. 10 Sylvan Way Parsippany, New Jersey 07054 (USA)
Rocky Mountain Poison and Drug Center	1-866-531-8896
Product Support/Technical Services	1-800-366-5288
Emergency telephone numbers	CHEMTREC (24 hours): 1-800-424-9300 International CHEMTREC (24 hours): +1-703-527-3887
Company Name (EU)	Zoetis Belgium S.A. Mercuriusstraat 20 1930 Zaventem Belgium
Emergency telephone number	International CHEMTREC (24 hours): +1-703-527-3887
Contact E-Mail	VMIPSrecords@zoetis.com

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Not classified.	
Health hazards	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 2A
	Carcinogenicity	Category 2
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements

Signal word	Warning
Hazard statement	Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
Response	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Collect spillage.
Storage	Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.
Supplemental information	Causes mild skin irritation.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Laureth-23		9002-92-0	10-20
Propylene glycol		57-55-6	5-10
Chlorhexidine acetate		56-95-1	2
Diethanolamine		111-42-2	<1
FD & C Blue No. 1		3844-45-9	<0.1
Hydrochloric Acid		7647-01-0	** / ##

Composition comments

** to adjust pH / ## Trace
In accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200, the exact percentage composition of this mixture has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Move to fresh air. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist. For breathing difficulties, oxygen may be necessary.

Skin contact

Wash off with soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Mild skin irritation.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

General fire hazards

No unusual fire or explosion hazards noted.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Keep unnecessary personnel away. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Ensure adequate ventilation. Ventilate the contaminated area. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Minimize generating airborne mists and vapors. Prevent product from entering drains. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Small Spills: Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid prolonged exposure. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Do not empty into drains. Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Store in tightly closed container in a well-ventilated place. ≤ 25C / 77F. Do not freeze. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Keep out of the reach of children.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Hydrochloric Acid (CAS 7647-01-0)	Ceiling	7 mg/m3
		5 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction and vapor.
Hydrochloric Acid (CAS 7647-01-0)	Ceiling	2 ppm	

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)	TWA	15 mg/m3
		3 ppm
Hydrochloric Acid (CAS 7647-01-0)	Ceiling	7 mg/m3
		5 ppm

US. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guides

Components	Type	Value	Form
Propylene glycol (CAS 57-55-6)	TWA	10 mg/m3	Aerosol.

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)	Can be absorbed through the skin.

Control banding approach Chlorhexidine acetate: Zoetis OEB 4 (control exposure to the range of 1ug/m3 to <10ug/m3)

Appropriate engineering controls Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Keep air contamination levels below the exposure limits or within the OEB range listed above in this section. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other Wear suitable protective clothing. Use protective clothing (uniforms, lab coats, disposable coveralls, etc.) in both production and laboratory areas.

Respiratory protection In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. If airborne exposures are within or exceed the Occupational Exposure Band (OEB) range, wear an appropriate respirator with a protection factor sufficient to control exposures to the bottom of the OEB range. Whenever air contamination (mist, vapor or odor) is generated, respiratory protection is recommended as a precaution to minimize exposure. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.

Thermal hazards Not applicable.

General hygiene considerations Observe any medical surveillance requirements. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Viscous liquid.

Physical state Liquid.

Form Liquid.

Color Clear. Blue.

Odor Pleasant.

Odor threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling range Not available.

Flash point Not available.

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower (%) Not available.

Flammability limit - upper (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure Not available.

Vapor density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Soluble

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water) Not available.

Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	1.02
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Contact with incompatible materials. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Acids. Bases.
Hazardous decomposition products	Irritating and/or toxic fumes and gases may be emitted upon the product's decomposition.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation — Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Hydrochloric Acid	Severity: Irritant

Skin contact — Causes mild skin irritation. Frequent or prolonged contact may defat and dry the skin, leading to discomfort and dermatitis.

Diethanolamine	Result: Irritant
Hydrochloric Acid	Severity: Severe
Chlorhexidine acetate	Species: Rabbit Severity: Mild
Propylene glycol	Species: Rabbit Severity: Mild

Eye contact — Causes serious eye irritation.

Diethanolamine	Result: Corrosive
Hydrochloric Acid	Severity: Severe
Propylene glycol	Species: Rabbit Severity: Mild
Chlorhexidine acetate	Species: Rabbit Severity: Severe

Ingestion — May be harmful if swallowed. However, ingestion is not likely to be a primary route of occupational exposure.

Hydrochloric Acid	Severity: Irritant

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Mild skin irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	May be harmful if swallowed.

Product	Species	Test Results
Nolvasan Surgical Scrub		
Dermal		
ATE		> 10000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
ATE		> 10 mg/l
Oral		
ATE		> 10000 mg/kg

Components	Species	Test Results
Chlorhexidine acetate (CAS 56-95-1)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	0.3 - 0.43 mg/L [M/F, aerosol]
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	2000 mg/kg
	Rat (F)	1180 mg/kg
	Rat (M)	1710 mg/kg
Subchronic		
Dermal		
LOAEL	Rabbit	500 mg/kg/day, 13 weeks (Target organs: Liver, Skin)
Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	710 mg/kg
Hydrochloric Acid (CAS 7647-01-0)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Mouse	1449 mg/kg
Propylene glycol (CAS 57-55-6)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	20800 mg/kg
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	24900 mg/kg
	Rat	22000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes mild skin irritation.

Corrosivity

Diethanolamine	Result: Irritant
Hydrochloric Acid	Severity: Corrosive
Chlorhexidine acetate	Species: Rabbit Severity: Mild

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye irritation.

Eye Contact

Diethanolamine	Result: Corrosive
Hydrochloric Acid	Severity: Severe

Eye Contact

Propylene glycol	Species: Rabbit Severity: Mild
Chlorhexidine acetate	Species: Rabbit Severity: Severe

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible. Individuals sensitive to this material or other materials in its chemical class may develop allergic reactions.

Skin sensitization Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible. Individuals sensitive to this material or other materials in its chemical class may develop allergic reactions.

Skin sensitization

Chlorhexidine acetate	GPMT Species: Guinea Pig Severity: Negative

Germ cell mutagenicity Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

Mutagenicity

Chlorhexidine acetate	In Vitro Cytogenetics Result: Negative Species: Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cells In Vivo Micronucleus Result: Negative Species: Rat Hepatocyte Mammalian Cell Mutagenicity Result: Negative Species: Mouse Lymphoma Salmonella Result: Negative

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)	2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
FD & C Blue No. 1 (CAS 3844-45-9)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Hydrochloric Acid (CAS 7647-01-0)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

Developmental effects

Chlorhexidine acetate	31.25 mg/kg/day Embryo / Fetal Development, Maternal toxicity Result: LOEL Species: Rat Organ: Oral 62.5 mg/kg/day Embryo / Fetal Development, No effects at maximum dose Result: NOEL Species: Rat Organ: Oral

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Avoid release to the environment.

Components		Species	Test Results
Chlorhexidine acetate (CAS 56-95-1)			
	LD50	Colinus virginianus (Bobwhite Quail)	2013 mg/kg
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia Magna (Water Flea)	0.06 mg/L, 48 Hours
Fish	LC50	Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill Sunfish)	0.6 ppm, 96 Hours
		Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow Trout)	1.9 ppm, 96 Hours
Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Ceriodaphnia dubia)	61.8 - 86.04 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	100 mg/l, 96 hours
FD & C Blue No. 1 (CAS 3844-45-9)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Coho salmon,silver salmon (Oncorhynchus kisutch)	332 mg/l, 96 hours
Hydrochloric Acid (CAS 7647-01-0)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Western mosquitofish (Gambusia affinis)	282 mg/l, 96 hours
Laureth-23 (CAS 9002-92-0)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Carp (Cyprinus carpio)	1.4 mg/l, 96 hours
Propylene glycol (CAS 57-55-6)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	> 10000 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	710 mg/l, 96 hours

Persistence and degradability No data available for this product.

Bioaccumulative potential No data available for this product.

Mobility in soil No data available for this product.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Avoid release to the environment. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Considering the relevant known environmental and human health hazards of the material, review and implement appropriate technical and procedural waste water and waste disposal measures to prevent occupational exposure and environmental release. It is recommended that waste minimization be practiced. The best available technology should be utilized to prevent environmental releases. This may include destructive techniques for waste and wastewater. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT

Not regulated as dangerous goods.

IATA

UN number	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s. (Chlorhexidine acetate, Polyoxyethylene dodecyl ether)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	9
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	Yes
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

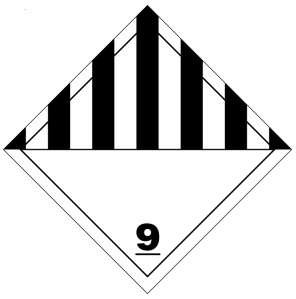
IMDG

UN number	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substances, liquid, n.o.s. (Chlorhexidine acetate, Polyoxyethylene dodecyl ether), MARINE POLLUTANT
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	9
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
EmS	F-A, S-F
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not established.

IATA; IMDG



Marine pollutant

General information

IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant. As of January 1, 2015, materials offered for transport that are classified for transportation only as Marine Pollutants and which are packaged in single or combination packagings containing a net quantity per single or inner packaging of 5 Liters or less for liquids or having a net mass per single or inner packaging of 5 kilograms or less for solids are NOT subject to ICAO/IATA, IMDG, or ADR transport regulations provided the general packaging requirements of those regulations are met. Refer to ICAO/IATA A197, IMDG 2.10.2.7, ADR SP 375. Please refer to the applicable dangerous goods regulations for additional information. Transport according to the requirements of the appropriate regulatory body.

15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)	Listed.
Hydrochloric Acid (CAS 7647-01-0)	Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Hydrochloric Acid (CAS 7647-01-0)	5000 LBS

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity, lower value (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity, upper value (pounds)
Hydrochloric Acid	7647-01-0	5000	500		

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical Yes

Classified hazard categories Serious eye damage or eye irritation
Carcinogenicity

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Not regulated.

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)
Hydrochloric Acid (CAS 7647-01-0)

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Hydrochloric Acid (CAS 7647-01-0)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Hydrochloric Acid (CAS 7647-01-0)	6545

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Hydrochloric Acid (CAS 7647-01-0)	20 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Hydrochloric Acid (CAS 7647-01-0)	6545

US state regulations

California Proposition 65

WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Lauric acid diethanolamide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)	Listed: June 22, 2012
Lauric acid diethanolamide (CAS 120-40-1)	Listed: June 22, 2012

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Diethanolamine (CAS 111-42-2)
Hydrochloric Acid (CAS 7647-01-0)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	No

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	No
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	No
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	No
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	No

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 01-07-2015

Revision date 08-30-2019

Version # 03

List of abbreviations ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate according to REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP).

Disclaimer Zoetis Inc. believes that the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet is accurate, and while it is provided in good faith, it is without warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. If data for a hazard are not included in this document there is no known information at this time. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.

Revision information This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.