

SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

Product identifier	ACTROL MAX
Other means of identification	None.
Recommended use	Meat and poultry water acidifier / antimicrobial
Recommended restrictions	Not for human use
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information	
Company Name (US)	Zoetis Inc. 10 Sylvan Way Parsippany, New Jersey 07054 (USA)
Rocky Mountain Poison and Drug Center	1-866-531-8896
Product Support/Technical Services	1-800-366-5288
Emergency telephone numbers	CHEMTREC (24 hours): 1-800-424-9300 International CHEMTREC (24 hours): +1-703-527-3887
Company Name (EU)	Zoetis Belgium S.A. Mercuriusstraat 20 1930 Zaventem Belgium
Emergency telephone number	International CHEMTREC (24 hours): +1-703-527-3887
Contact E-Mail	VMIPSrecords@zoetis.com

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards	Oxidizing liquids	Category 2
	Organic peroxides	Type F
	Corrosive to metals	Category 1
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, oral	Category 4
	Acute toxicity, dermal	Category 4
	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 4
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 1
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard	Category 2
OSHA defined hazards	Not classified.	

Label elements



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement

Heating may cause a fire. May intensify fire; oxidizer. May be corrosive to metals. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep/Store away from clothing and other combustible materials. Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles. Keep only in original container. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response

If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Protect from sunlight. Store at temperatures not exceeding 25°C / 77°F. Keep cool. Store away from other materials.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information

None.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Acetic acid		64-19-7	30-45
Peroxyacetic acid		79-21-0	15-30
Hydrogen Peroxide		7722-84-1	5-15
1-hydroxyethylidene(phosphonic Acid)		2809-21-4	<3
2,6-dipicolinic Acid		499-83-2	<1
Sulfuric acid		7664-93-9	<1

Composition comments

In accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1200, the exact percentage composition of this mixture has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Call a physician if symptoms develop or persist.

Skin contact

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical attention immediately. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Ingestion

If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. May cause respiratory irritation.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Chemical burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Contact with combustible material may cause fire. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Greatly increases the burning rate of combustible materials. Containers may explode when heated. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety device or any discoloration of tanks due to fire.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	May intensify fire; oxidizer. Heating may cause a fire. Contact with combustible material may cause fire.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up Use water spray to reduce vapors or divert vapor cloud drift. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Ventilate the contaminated area. Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. This product is miscible in water. Should not be released into the environment. Prevent entry into waterways, sewer, basements or confined areas.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not contaminate water. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Take any precaution to avoid mixing with combustibles. Keep away from clothing and other combustible materials. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not taste or swallow. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Wash thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store in tightly closed container. Keep only in the original container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from other materials.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Acetic acid (CAS 64-19-7)	PEL	25 mg/m ³
		10 ppm
Hydrogen Peroxide (CAS 7722-84-1)	PEL	1.4 mg/m ³
		1 ppm

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Type	Value
Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)	PEL	1 mg/m ³

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values

Components	Type	Value	Form
Acetic acid (CAS 64-19-7)	STEL	15 ppm	
	TWA	10 ppm	
Hydrogen Peroxide (CAS 7722-84-1)	TWA	1 ppm	
Peroxyacetic acid (CAS 79-21-0)	STEL	0.4 ppm	Inhalable fraction and vapor.
Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)	TWA	0.2 mg/m ³	Thoracic fraction.

US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Type	Value
Acetic acid (CAS 64-19-7)	STEL	37 mg/m ³
		15 ppm
	TWA	25 mg/m ³
		10 ppm
Hydrogen Peroxide (CAS 7722-84-1)	TWA	1.4 mg/m ³
		1 ppm
Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)	TWA	1 mg/m ³

Biological limit values

No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Control banding approach

Not available.

Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Eye wash facilities and emergency shower must be available when handling this product.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment**Eye/face protection**

Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield. or Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection**Hand protection**

Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Be aware that the liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent change is advisable.

Other

Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection

In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment. Whenever air contamination (mist, vapor or odor) is generated, respiratory protection is recommended as a precaution to minimize exposure. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece.

Thermal hazards

Not applicable.

General hygiene considerations

Keep from contact with clothing and other combustible materials. Remove and wash contaminated clothing promptly. When using do not smoke. Keep away from food and drink. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties**Appearance**

Physical state Liquid.

Form	Liquid.
Color	Colorless.
Odor	Vinegar-like.
Odor threshold	Not available.
pH	< 1 (1:10)
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not available.
Flash point	> 199.9 °F (> 93.3 °C) (based on acetic acid) estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Flammability limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Flammability limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit - upper (%)	Not available.
Vapor pressure	Not available.
Vapor density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Soluble
Auto-ignition temperature	518 °F (270 °C)
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	5 - 15 cSt @ 20C/68F
Other information	
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Flammability class	Combustible IIIB estimated
Oxidizing properties	May intensify fire; oxidizer.
Specific gravity	1.11

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Greatly increases the burning rate of combustible materials. Reacts violently with strong alkaline substances. This product may react with reducing agents. May be corrosive to metals.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Sunlight. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials. Do not mix with other chemicals.
Incompatible materials	Bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Combustible material. Reducing agents. Metals.
Hazardous decomposition products	Toxic gas.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	Causes severe skin burns. Harmful in contact with skin.
Sulfuric acid	Severity: Severe
Hydrogen Peroxide	Species: Rabbit Severity: Corrosive

Eye contact
Sulfuric acid Causes serious eye damage.
Severity: Severe

Hydrogen Peroxide
Species: Rabbit
Severity: Corrosive

Ingestion Causes digestive tract burns. Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Burning pain and severe corrosive skin damage. Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. May cause respiratory irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity In high concentrations, vapors are anesthetic and may cause headache, fatigue, dizziness and central nervous system effects. Harmful if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin. Harmful if swallowed.

Components	Species	Test Results
------------	---------	--------------

Hydrogen Peroxide (CAS 7722-84-1)

Acute

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 2000 mg/m3, 4 hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 1232 mg/kg

Chronic

Oral

LOAEL Rat 1.5 %, 8 weeks Dental

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)

Acute

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 510 mg/m3, 2 hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 2140 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Corrosivity

Sulfuric acid Severity: Corrosive

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye damage.

Eye Contact

Sulfuric acid Severity: Severe

Hydrogen Peroxide
Species: Rabbit
Severity: Corrosive

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Skin sensitization

Hydrogen Peroxide
Species: Guinea Pig
Severity: Negative

Germ cell mutagenicity Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

Mutagenicity

Hydrogen Peroxide
Bacterial Mutagenicity (Ames)
Result: Positive
Species: Salmonella

Mutagenicity
Hydrogen Peroxide

Chromosome Aberration In Vitro
Result: Positive
Species: Human

Chromosome Aberration
Result: Negative
Species: Mouse Bone Marrow

Sister Chromatid Exchange In Vitro
Result: Positive
Species: Human

Carcinogenicity

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) and the United States National Toxicology Program (NTP) have classified 'occupational exposure to strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid' as a known human carcinogen. This classification applies only to sulfuric acid when generated as a mist. This classification is debated within the scientific community and there is disagreement as to whether or not a cause and effect relationship between cancer and 'occupational exposure to strong inorganic acid mists containing sulfuric acid' exists.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Hydrogen Peroxide (CAS 7722-84-1) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.
Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9) 1 Carcinogenic to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

Developmental effects

Hydrogen Peroxide 2 % Prenatal & Postnatal Development, Not teratogenic
Result: NOAEL
Species: Rat
Organ: Oral

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Due to partial or complete lack of data the classification is not possible.

Aspiration hazard

Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Because of the low pH of this product, it would be expected to produce significant ecotoxicity upon exposure to aquatic organisms and aquatic systems. Avoid release to the environment.

Components	Species	Test Results
2,6-dipicolinic Acid (CAS 499-83-2)		
Aquatic		
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (<i>Pimephales promelas</i>) 322 mg/l, 96 hours
Acetic acid (CAS 64-19-7)		
Aquatic		
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (<i>Daphnia magna</i>) 65 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (<i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>) 75 mg/l, 96 hours
Hydrogen Peroxide (CAS 7722-84-1)		
Aquatic		
<i>Acute</i>		
Algae	EC50	Algae 1.38 mg/l, 72 hours
Crustacea	EC50	<i>Daphnia pulex</i> 2.4 mg/l, 48 hours

Components		Species	Test Results
Fish	LC50	Pimephales promelas (Fathead Minnow)	16.4 mg/l, 96 hours
Peroxyacetic acid (CAS 79-21-0)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Brachydanio rerio (Zebra fish)	1 mg/L, 96 Hours
		Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow Trout)	0.91 mg/L, 96 Hours
Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)			
Aquatic			
Algae	ErC50	Algae	> 100 mg/l, 72 hours
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	> 100 mg/l, 48 hours (nominal)
		Daphnia magna (Water Flea)	29 mg/L, 24 Hours
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	16 - 28 mg/l, 96 hours
		Brachydanio rerio (Zebra fish)	> 500 mg/L, 96 Hours

Persistence and degradability	No data available for this product.
Bioaccumulative potential	No data available for this product.
Mobility in soil	No data available for this product.
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions	Avoid release to the environment. Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Do not discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Waste of this product may qualify as a RCRA Hazardous Waste. Status should be confirmed by testing for RCRA hazardous characteristics (i.e. corrosivity, toxicity, reactivity, or ignitability). Considering the relevant known environmental and human health hazards of the material, review and implement appropriate technical and procedural waste water and waste disposal measures to prevent occupational exposure and environmental release. It is recommended that waste minimization be practiced. The best available technology should be utilized to prevent environmental releases. This may include destructive techniques for waste and wastewater. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.
Hazardous waste code	D002: Waste Corrosive material [pH <=2 or =>12.5, or corrosive to steel] The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied.

14. Transport information

DOT	
UN number	UN3109
UN proper shipping name	Organic peroxide type F, liquid (Peroxyacetic acid RQ = 441 LBS)
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	5.2
Subsidiary risk	8
Label(s)	5.2
Packing group	-
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	IP5
Packaging exceptions	152
Packaging non bulk	225
Packaging bulk	225

IATA

UN number	UN3109
UN proper shipping name	Organic peroxide type F, liquid (Peroxyacetic acid)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 5.2
Subsidiary risk 8
Packing group -
Environmental hazards >5 L
ERG Code 5L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo aircraft Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number UN3109
UN proper shipping name ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE F, LIQUID (Peroxyacetic acid), MARINE POLLUTANT (Peroxyacetic acid, Hydrogen Peroxide)

Transport hazard class(es)

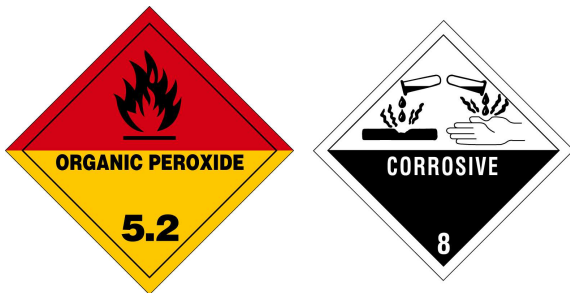
Class 5.2
Subsidiary risk 8
Packing group -
Environmental hazards
Marine pollutant Yes
EmS F-J, S-R

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

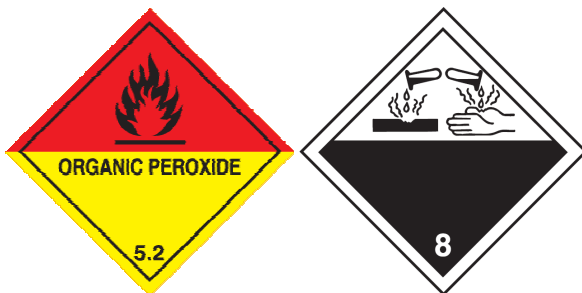
Marine pollutant requirements apply only to quantities >5 Liters for liquids / >5 Kilograms for solids (per inner package) when shipped as per IMDG, IATA or ADR regulations.

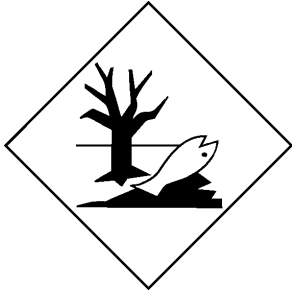
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not established.

DOT



IATA



IMDG**Marine pollutant****General information**

IMDG Regulated Marine Pollutant.

15. Regulatory information**US federal regulations**

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Acetic acid (CAS 64-19-7)	Listed.
Peroxyacetic acid (CAS 79-21-0)	Listed.
Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)	Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Hydrogen Peroxide (CAS 7722-84-1)	1000 LBS
Peroxyacetic acid (CAS 79-21-0)	500 LBS
Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)	1000 LBS

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1052)

Not regulated.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)**SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance**

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity, lower value (pounds)	Threshold planning quantity, upper value (pounds)
Peroxyacetic acid	79-21-0	500	500		
Hydrogen Peroxide	7722-84-1	1000	1000		
Sulfuric acid	7664-93-9	1000	1000		

Classified hazard categories

Oxidizer (liquid, solid, or gas)
 Organic peroxide
 Corrosive to metal
 Acute toxicity (any route of exposure)
 Skin corrosion or irritation
 Serious eye damage or eye irritation
 Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.
Peroxyacetic acid	79-21-0	15-30

Other federal regulations

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Peroxyacetic acid (CAS 79-21-0)

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) Not regulated.

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 2, Essential Chemicals (21 CFR 1310.02(b) and 1310.04(f)(2) and Chemical Code Number

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9) 6552

Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA). List 1 & 2 Exempt Chemical Mixtures (21 CFR 1310.12(c))

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9) 20 %WV

DEA Exempt Chemical Mixtures Code Number

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9) 6552

FEMA Priority Substances Respiratory Health and Safety in the Flavor Manufacturing Workplace

Acetic acid (CAS 64-19-7) High priority

US state regulations

California Proposition 65



WARNING: This product can expose you to Sulfuric acid, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9) Listed: March 14, 2003

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Sulfuric acid (CAS 7664-93-9)

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 01-13-2020

Version # 01

Disclaimer Zoetis Inc. believes that the information contained in this Safety Data Sheet is accurate, and while it is provided in good faith, it is without warranty of any kind, expressed or implied. If data for a hazard are not included in this document there is no known information at this time. The information in the sheet was written based on the best knowledge and experience currently available.