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ProFLOK™ NDV-T Ab

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NEWCASTLE DISEASE VIRUS ANTIBODY TEST KIT

For the detection of antibodies to Newcastle Disease Virus (NDV) in turkey serum.

GENERAL INFORMATION AND INTENDED USES

ProFLOK™ NDV-T Ab is a rapid serologic ELISA test for the detection of pre- and post-vaccination NDV antibodies in turkeys.

KIT COMPOSITION AND CONSERVATION

Contains materials sufficient to test a maximum of 900 samples.

| ITEM | REAGENT NATURE | VOLUME | RECONSTITUTION AND CONSERVATION |
|-----------------|--|---------------|--|
| A | 10 microplates containing 96 wells coated with NDV-T antigen | 10 X 96 wells | Ready to use |
| CONTROL+ | 100X Positive Control; preserved with Thimerosal | 1 X 0.2 mL | Dilute in Dilution Buffer just before use. |
| N | 100X Normal Control; preserved with Thimerosal | 1 X 0.2 mL | Dilute in Dilution Buffer just before use. |
| C | 100X HRP-Conjugate; preserved with Microcide III | 1 X 1.7 mL | Dilute in Dilution Buffer just before use. |
| DB | Dilution Buffer | 2 X 200 mL | Ready to use |
| W | 20X Wash; preserved with Imidazole | 1 X 200 mL | Dilute to 1X in deionized or reverse osmosis water. Diluted wash solution can be stored at 15 °C - 30 °C and used for up to 3 months following dilution. |
| ABTS | Substrate | 1 X 100 mL | Ready to use |
| S | 5X Stop (5% SDS) | 1 X 25 mL | Dilute to 1X in deionized or reverse osmosis water. Diluted stop solution can be stored at 15 °C - 30 °C and used for up to 3 months following dilution. |

Store all reagents provided in the kit at 2 °C – 7 °C. Reagents should not be frozen.

REAGENTS REQUIRED TO PERFORM 90 TESTS

- 1 NDV-T antigen coated microplate
- 10 µL 100X Positive Control
- 10 µL 100X Normal Control
- 120 µL 100X Conjugate
- 46 mL Dilution Buffer
- 20 mL 20X Wash
- 10 mL Substrate
- 2.5 mL 5X Stop

EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS REQUIRED, BUT NOT PROVIDED

- High precision multiple delivery pipetting devices (i.e., 1-20 and 20-200 µL. Measurement deviation must be ≤10 % for volumes ≤10 µL and ≤ 5 % for all other volumes)
- 8- or 12-channel pipettes (i.e., 5 - 50 and 50 - 300 µL) and pipette tips
- 0.2 mL, 1.0 mL, and 5.0 mL pipettes
- 2-3 graduated cylinders (50 mL)
- 1 mL or 5 mL glass test tubes
- Uncoated low binding 96 well microplates with > 300 µL/well volume
- Deionized or reverse osmosis water
- Microplate reader with 405-410 nm filter
- Microplate washing apparatus

WARNINGS TO THE USERS OF REAGENTS AND ANTIGEN COATED MICROPLATES

- Handle all reagents and samples as biohazardous material. It is recommended to dispose reagents and contaminated material according to the applicable regulations.
- Wear suitable protective clothing.
- Irritating to eyes and skin. Keep all reagents away from eyes and skin. In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.
- Take care not to contaminate any test reagents with serum or bacterial agents.
- If the humidity indicator of a microplate exhibits a pink color, the microplate should not be used.
- The best results are achieved by following the protocols described below, using good, safe laboratory techniques.
- Never add water to the microplates, conjugate, controls, or substrate.
- Do not use this kit after the expiration date.
- NEVER PIPETTE BY MOUTH. Harmful if swallowed.
- For veterinary use only.

Refer to the end of this insert for reagent hazard and precaution statements. Also reference the Safety Data Sheet for additional details.

SAMPLE COLLECTION

For routine serologic flock monitoring:

- Randomly collect a statistically significant number of samples at routine intervals (for example, collect 30 sera every 21 days).
- Follow proper sample collection procedures.
- Harvest serum and store properly (up to seven days at 4 °C, -20 °C for longer).
- Test only good quality serum (i.e., avoid bacterial contamination, heavy hemolysis or lipemia). When in doubt, obtain a better quality sample.

SAMPLE DILUTION PROCEDURE

Dilute serum samples using the dilution buffer provided in a clean, uncoated 96 well microplate (Sample Dilution Microplate). Samples should be completely thawed and thoroughly mixed before diluting. **Allow all reagents to come to 21 °C – 24 °C before starting.**

| STEP | UNITS | MATERIAL | LOCATION | FINAL DILUTION | NOTES |
|------|--|---------------------|---|----------------|--|
| 1) | 300 µL | Dilution Buffer | Each well | N/A | |
| 2) | 6 µL | Sample Serum | Add into wells A4 - H9; left to right, row by row | 1:50 | Mix. Discard tips after each sample. Label the microplate to identify the flock/ sample positions. |
| 3) | 6 µL | 100X Normal Control | Into wells A2, H10, and H12 | 1:50 | |
| 4) | Aspirate wells A1, A3, and H11. | | | | |
| 5) | Allow all diluted sera to equilibrate for 5 minutes before transferring to the ELISA microplate. | | | | |

Note: This sample dilution microplate provides adequate quantities of diluted serum samples to conduct four additional ProFLOK™ ELISA tests. Use dilution microplate within 24 hours.

PREPARATION OF 1X POSITIVE CONTROL, 1X CONJUGATE, 1X WASH, AND 1X STOP SOLUTIONS

| STEP | UNITS | MATERIAL | LOCATION | NOTES |
|------------------------------|--------|------------------------------------|--|---|
| 1X POSITIVE CONTROL SOLUTION | | | | |
| 6) | 300 µL | Dilution Buffer | Clean test tube | Mix well. 1:50 final dilution. |
| 7) | 6 µL | 100X Positive Control | | |
| 1X CONJUGATE SOLUTION | | | | |
| 8) | 12 mL | Dilution Buffer | Clean tube or bottle | Mix well. 1:100 final dilution. |
| 9) | 120 µL | 100X Conjugate | | |
| 1X WASH SOLUTION | | | | |
| 10) | 20 mL | 20X Wash | Microplate washing bottle or apparatus | Mix well. 1:20 final dilution. |
| 11) | 380 mL | Deionized or reverse osmosis water | | |
| 1X STOP SOLUTION | | | | |
| 12) | 2.5 mL | 5X Stop | Clean tube or bottle | Warm 5X Stop to 21 °C - 24 °C or to 37 °C and mix to dissolve any precipitates. |
| 13) | 10 mL | Deionized or reverse osmosis water | | |

ELISA TEST PROCEDURE

| STEP | UNITS | MATERIAL | LOCATION | NOTES |
|------|---|---------------------------------------|---|--|
| a) | Remove the test microplate from protective bag and label the microplate with the flock/sample positions as in step 2. | | | |
| b) | 50 µL | Dilution Buffer | Add into each test microplate well | |
| c) | 50 µL | 1X Positive Control Solution (step 7) | A1, A3, and H11 | Discard pipette tips. 1:100 final dilution. |
| d) | 50 µL | Sample Dilution Microplate (step 5) | Transfer to the matching wells of the test microplate | Quickly transfer each row. Discard pipette tips. 1:100 final dilution. |
| e) | Incubate for 30 minutes at 21 °C – 24 °C. | | | |

WASH PROCEDURE

| STEP | UNITS | MATERIAL | LOCATION | NOTES |
|------|--|----------------------------|----------------|--|
| f) | Discard or aspirate solution from all wells. | | | Tap inverted plate. |
| g) | 300 µL | 1X Wash Solution (step 11) | Each test well | Soak for 3 minutes |
| h) | After 3 minute soak, aspirate all wells; tap inverted plate to remove residual liquid. | | | Wash process is a critical step for an ELISA. Please follow steps f to i. |
| i) | Repeat wash procedure 2 more times. | | | |

ADDITION OF 1X CONJUGATE, SUBSTRATE, AND 1X STOP SOLUTION

| STEP | UNITS | MATERIAL | LOCATION | NOTES |
|------|---|--------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| j) | 100 µL | 1X Conjugate Solution (step 9) | Each test well | Discard pipette tips. |
| k) | Incubate for 30 minutes at 21 °C – 24 °C. | | | |
| l) | Follow the WASH PROCEDURE above (steps f to i). | | | |
| m) | 100 µL | Substrate | Each test well | Discard pipette tips. |
| n) | Incubate for 15 minutes at 21 °C – 24 °C. | | | |
| o) | 100 µL | 1X Stop Solution (step 13) | Each test well | Discard pipette tips. |
| p) | Read the microplate using an ELISA microplate reader set at 405-410 nm. Be sure to blank the reader as directed. Allow bubbles to dissipate and wipe the bottom of the microplate before reading. | | | |

RESULTS

ASSAY CONTROL VALUES, VALID ELISA RESULTS

Valid ELISA results are obtained when the Normal Control Average optical density (OD) is < 0.200 and the Corrected Positive Control (CPC) is between 0.250 and 0.900. If any of these values are out of range, the test results should be considered invalid and the samples should be retested.

MANUAL PROCESSING OF DATA

- Average the OD values of Positive Control in wells A1, A3, and H11 then average the OD values of Normal Control in wells A2, H10, and H12. Record both averages.
- Subtract the average Normal Control OD from the average Positive Control OD. The difference is the Corrected Positive Control.
- Calculate a sample to positive (S/P) ratio by subtracting the average Normal Control OD from each sample OD and dividing the difference by the Corrected Positive Control. Use the following equation format:

$$S/P = \frac{\text{(SAMPLE OD)} - \text{(AVERAGE NORMAL CONTROL OD)}}{\text{CORRECTED POSITIVE CONTROL}}$$

- An ELISA titer for NDV-T can be calculated by the following suggested equation:

$$\text{LOG}_{10} \text{ TITER} = (0.717 \times \text{LOG}_{10} \text{ S/P}) + 3.906$$

$$\text{TITER} = \text{ANTILOG of LOG}_{10} \text{ TITER}$$

EXAMPLE:

Example Positive Control ODs:

0.585, 0.610, 0.590

$$\text{Average} = (0.585 + 0.610 + 0.590) / 3 = 0.595$$

Corrected Positive Control:

$$(0.595) - (0.067) = 0.528$$

Example Normal Control ODs:

0.078, 0.067, 0.057

$$\text{Average} = (0.078 + 0.067 + 0.057) / 3 = 0.067$$

Example S/P value calculation:

OD of sample = 0.560

$$(0.560) - (0.067) / 0.528 = 0.934$$

Example of Calculation of titer:

$$\text{LOG}_{10} \text{ Titer} = (0.717 \times \text{LOG}_{10} 0.934) + 3.906$$

$$\text{Titer} = \text{ANTILOG } 3.88$$

$$\text{Titer} = 7586$$

INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

The NDV-T ELISA titer values obtained represent a comparison of the NDV antibody level within each field turkey serum tested and the NDV-T ELISA kit positive and normal control sera. Therefore, it is important to first determine that the NDV-T ELISA positive and normal control sera values obtained are valid as detailed above in the “Assay Control Values Valid ELISA Results” section of this pamphlet before NDV-T ELISA results are interpreted.

The NDV S/P values obtained for sera should be interpreted as follows:

NDV Presumed Antibody Status:

| | | S/P 0.150 |
|-------|---|-----------|
| Serum | - | + |

- a. **Negative.** Serum samples testing with an NDV-T S/P ratio value of ≤ 0.150 receive a “0” titer value and are presumed negative for NDV antibody. A “0” NDV-T ELISA titer represents a turkey serum sample that contains an extremely low to insignificant NDV-T antibody level compared to the NDV-T ELISA kit positive and normal control sera.
- b. **Positive.** An NDV-T ELISA titer value above “0” indicates only that a turkey serum sample contains a significant and ELISA-detectable NDV antibody level compared to the NDV-T ELISA kit positive and normal control sera. However, these titers do not imply or ensure “protection” nor provide serologic differentiation between an NDV vaccine response or NDV field infection.

Optimal NDV vaccine administration practices and “protective” flock NDV-T titer target values must be determined by each NDV-T ELISA kit user by comparing flock pre- and post-vaccination NDV-T ELISA results (i.e., coefficient of variation [%CV] and geometric titer [GMT] values) with flock performance parameters, (i.e., morbidity, mortality, flock body weight gain or uniformity) over time.